2012/2013 Remuneration Disclosure Requirements

(a)	Information relations to the heading that are more remaining			
	Information relating to the bodies that oversee remuneration.			
	 The Board have delegated to the Board Remuneration & Succession Committee (RSC) the task of reviewing performance and recommending remuneration to the Board for senior managers and material risk-takers. The RSC is made up of non executive directors. The RSC instructs the CEO to gather comparative remuneration information from organisations that are able to provide information from either within the mutual industry or from organisations that reflect specific skills industries eg. IT Organisations used during 2012/2013 review were			
	 Hay (publicly available information) Michael Page (publicly available information) The Credit Union's Remuneration Policy covers senior managers and any identified material 			
	risk-takers across the whole business			
	 There have been no staff identified as material risk-takers The CEO and the CEO's direct reports are considered senior managers for the purpose of this disclosure. For the disclosure period there were 6 people in this group. 			
(b)	Information relating to the design and structure of remuneration processes.			
(~)	• The objectives of the Credit Union's Remuneration Policy are:			
	 Attracting, developing and retaining exceptional people 			
	 To encourage behaviour that supports the Credit Union's: 			
	 Purpose 			
	 Long-term financial soundness; and 			
	 Risk management framework 			
	 To align remuneration with prudent risk-taking 			
	Key features include:			
	 Fixed remuneration component 			
	 Variable remuneration component 			
	• The RSC did not review the Remuneration Policy during the 2012/2013 financial year.			
	 Any risk and financial control personnel are remunerated independently of the business area they oversee by ensuring that the fixed component is referenced to industry 			
	benchmarking and achieving the variable component is not linked to their department			
()	producing a particular result.			
(c)	Description of the ways in which current and future risks are taken into account in the remuneration			
	processes.			
	 Setting of fixed remuneration takes into account key person risk by using industry benchmark surveys to guide decision making to work with the objective of retaining exceptional people. 			
	 The amount of variable remuneration is set at such a percentage of the fixed remuneration 			
	so as not to encourage excessive risk taking in order to earn excessive amounts of additional income.			
	 Risks considered when setting the criteria for performance objectives linked to variable remuneration include: 			
	 Market risk (specifically interest rate risk) 			
	 Sustainability 			
	■ Growth			
	 Capital 			
	 Operational 			
	 Strategic 			
	 Leadership competencies 			

	• Senior managers are not set performance objectives in a way that encourages high risk			
	behaviours in order to meet objectives. For example the senior manager responsible for			
	 lending is not given a growth objective. Where an objective in relation to the CEO may encourage high risk behavoiur there is alw a counter objective set to balance the risk equation. For example a growth objective will 			
	counterbalanced with a capital adequacy objective.			
	• The measures used for the 2012/2013 financial year were similar in nature to those for the			
	2011/2012 financial year.			
(d)	Description of the ways in which the ADI seeks to link performance during a performance			
	measurement period with levels of remuneration.			
The main performance metrics include:				
 Financial performance of the organisation compared to the budget 				
	Implementation of the executive's business plan which addresses the strategies required to			
	achieve the Board's strategic vision			
	Attainment of senior manager's individual performance objectives			
	Assessment against leadership competencies			
	The overall performance of a senior manager, not limited to the above performance metrics, is			
	taken into account when considering which quartile of the industry survey to benchmark the fixed			
	remuneration to.			
	Of all the metrics used to assess performance the individual performance objectives are the one			
	that could, in hindsight, be considered weak. To mitigate that outcome there are at least 3 different			
	levels of performance set for each objective. Each different level attracts a different percentage of			
	the total variable remuneration portion attached to that objective. This ensures that there is always			
	a 'stretch' level built into the objective which should negate it being considered weak in hindsight.			
(e)	Description of the ways in which the ADI seeks to adjust remuneration to take account of longer-			
	term performance.			
	The Credit Union does not currently have long term performance incentives therefore there is no			
(0)	policy on deferral and vesting of variable remuneration.			
(f)	Description of the different forms of variable remuneration that the ADI utilises and the rationale			
	for using these different forms.			
Quantit	100% of all variable remuneration is paid using cash.			
	tative disclosures			
(g)	Number of meetings held by the Remuneration & Succession Committee – 5			
	Remuneration paid to committee members – N/A*			
	*Committee members do not receive remuneration specific to this committee, committee members receive general board			
	fees for being an RCU director.			
(h)	Number of people who have received variable remuneration during the financial year - 6			
	Number and total amount of guaranteed bonuses – N/A			
	Number and total amount of sign-on awards – Nil			
	Number and total amount of termination payments - Nil			
(i)	Total amount of outstanding deferred remuneration – N/A			
	Total amount of deferred remuneration paid out – N/A			
(j)	Breakdown of the amount of remuneration awards for the financial year in accordance with Table			
	18A below to show:			
	• Fixed and variable – 100%			
	 Deferred and non-deferred – 0% 			
	Different forms of remuneration			
	○ 100% cash			
(k)	Quantitative information about persons' exposure to implicit and explicit adjustment of deferred			
(1)	quantitative information about persons exposure to implicit and explicit adjustment of deferred			

remuneration and retained remuneration.

• As the Credit Union only uses cash payments as remuneration and doesn't have deferred or retained remuneration as part of its remuneration structure, there is nothing to disclosure in relation to this area.

Total value of remuneration awards for senior managers/material risk-takers – 2012/2013 financial year

Total value of remuneration awards for the current financial year	Unrestricted	Deferred		
Fixed remuneration				
Cash based	\$1,073,567	\$0.00		
Shares and share-linked instruments	Nil	Nil		
Other	Nil	Nil		
Variable remuneration				
Cash based	\$143,430	\$0.00		
Shares and share-linked instruments	Nil	Nil		
• Other	Nil	Nil		